# FULLERTON COLLEGE

### **ENVIRONMENTAL SCAN**

## 2011



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#### Environmental Scan of the Fullerton College Community

This is the ninth occasional report designed to provide a comprehensive look at the external environment impacting Fullerton College. It summarizes the demographic, economic and educational changes at the state and national levels, in general, and in Orange County and the cities served by Fullerton College, more specifically, that are shaping the future for the college.

The Environmental Scan of the Fullerton College community and Orange County also serves as a companion piece to the 2011 Fullerton College Fact Book and the 2011 Fullerton College Institutional Effectiveness Report, comprehensive internal overviews that describes the college's faculty, staff and students and how effectively students are being served by the college. Together, these two documents provide important information about the changing forces affecting Fullerton College as it moves forward in the 21st century. By monitoring these changes, Fullerton College will be in a better position to plan a direction that will best serve its students.

#### PART I. DEMOGRAPHIC INFORMATION

The 2010 Decennial Census showed that Orange County had a population of 3,010,232, an increase of nearly 20% since the 2000 census. With a 2011 population of over 3.03 million, Orange County continues to grow. While the growth rate has slowed to just over 2% over the past five years, population has increased by nearly 100,000 since 2005. Growth for the Fullerton College community cities was only slightly less at 17.1%, with Anaheim growing nearly 25%. Over the past year, Fullerton College community cities mirrored the county growth of slightly less than 1%.

As the population has continued to grow in north Orange County, Fullerton College has seen greater demands placed upon its educational resources, facilities and programs. Population growth is projected to continue at high levels, exceeding the national average of about 10% for this decade.

### **TOTAL POPULATION THROUGH 2011**

| Area          | 2006        | 2007        | 2008        | 2009        | 2010        | Change<br>2006 - 2010 |
|---------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-----------------------|
| Orange County | 3,061,535   | 3,077,656   | 3,104,046   | 3,134,858   | 3,166,461   | 2.1%                  |
| California    | 36,676,931  | 37,086,191  | 37,472,074  | 37,883,992  | 38,292,687  | 3.3%                  |
| United States | 296,410,404 | 299,359,000 | 293,656,842 | 296,410,404 | 299,359,000 | 3.9%                  |

#### Table 1: Population in Orange County, California and the U.S. through 2011

Sources: State of California, Department of Finance, E-4 Population Estimates for Cities, Counties and the State, 2001–2009, with 2000 Benchmark. Sacramento, California, May 2009.; U. S. Bureau of the Census

### **COMMUNITY LEVEL POPULATION THROUGH 2009**

#### Table 2: Population in Fullerton College Community through 2009

| City        | 2005    | 2006    | 2007    | 2008    | 2009    | Change<br>2005 - 2009 |
|-------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-----------------------|
| Anaheim     | 341,189 | 341,159 | 342,990 | 345,349 | 348,467 | 1.2%                  |
| Brea        | 39,402  | 39,447  | 39,571  | 39,910  | 40,176  | 1.3%                  |
| Fullerton   | 135,114 | 136,089 | 136,446 | 136,992 | 137,624 | 1.4%                  |
| La Habra    | 61,489  | 61,613  | 62,020  | 62,370  | 62,822  | 1.4%                  |
| Placentia   | 50,090  | 50,988  | 51,110  | 51,405  | 51,932  | 2.6%                  |
| Yorba Linda | 65,319  | 66,455  | 67,245  | 67,866  | 68,399  | 3.9%                  |
| Total       | 692,603 | 695,751 | 699,382 | 703,892 | 709,420 | 1.6%                  |

Source: State of California, Department of Finance, E-4 Population Estimates for Cities, Counties and the State, 2001–2009, with 2000 Benchmark. Sacramento, California, May 2009.

### **Total Population: Changes to the Year 2030**

According to projections by the California Department of Finance, total population in Orange County is projected to grow by 11.9% between 2000 and 2010. And according to projections by the Center for Demographic Research at California State University, Fullerton, the population of the Fullerton College community is projected to grow by 10.0% during the same period. This compares to projected state growth of 16.4% and the nation's 8.6%. While the projected percentage increase in the Fullerton College community and Orange County will not keep pace with the state's projected growth, there will be a projected population growth of over 30,000 in the Fullerton College community and nearly 350,000 in Orange County through this decade.

By the year 2030, Orange County is projected to grow by nearly 33% over its 2000 levels, compared with the state's 51.1% and the nation's 26.6%. By the year 2025, the Fullerton College community is projected to grow by 18%, representing a population increase of over 100,000.

Not only have Orange County and the Fullerton College community seen tremendous growth over the last 20 years, the area will grow substantially over the next 10 years and beyond. Evaluation of population changes as they relate to plans for facility and program development are critical to the college's ability to meet the educational needs of the area's citizens and the workforce needs of the community. And understanding and anticipating population growth by community provides important information for recruiting new students to the colleges, as well as locating off-campus programs to meet community needs.

| Area          | 2000        | 2010        | 2020        | 2030        | Projected<br>Change to<br>2020 | Projected<br>Change to<br>2030 |
|---------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Orange County | 2,863,834   | 3,227,836   | 3,520,265   | 3,705,322   | 22.9 %                         | 29.4 %                         |
| California    | 34,105,437  | 39,135,676  | 44,135,923  | 49,240,891  | 29.4 %                         | 44.4 %                         |
| United States | 282,125,000 | 310,233,000 | 341,387,000 | 373,504,000 | 21.0 %                         | 32.4 %                         |

### Table 3: Population Projections for Orange County, California and the U.S. through 2030

Sources: U. S. Bureau of the Census, Projections of the Population and Components of Change for the United States: 2010 to 2050; State of California, Department of Finance, Population Projections for California and Its Counties 2000-2050, Sacramento, California, July 2007.

### COMMUNITY LEVEL POPULATION: CHANGES TO THE YEAR 2030

| City        | 2000    | 2010    | 2020    | 2030    | Projected<br>Change to<br>2020 | Projected<br>Change to<br>2030 |
|-------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Anaheim     | 328,014 | 365,495 | 401,750 | 425,781 | 22.5%                          | 29.8%                          |
| Brea        | 35,410  | 42,281  | 46,031  | 46,751  | 30.0%                          | 32.0%                          |
| Fullerton   | 126,003 | 142,939 | 148,862 | 152,495 | 18.1%                          | 21.0%                          |
| La Habra    | 58,794  | 65,773  | 67,812  | 68,618  | 15.3%                          | 16.7%                          |
| Placentia   | 46,488  | 52,352  | 58,366  | 61,456  | 25.6%                          | 32.2%                          |
| Yorba Linda | 58,918  | 71,463  | 74,988  | 76,398  | 27.3%                          | 29.7%                          |
| Total       | 653,627 | 740,303 | 797,809 | 831,499 | 22.1%                          | 27.2%                          |

 Table 4: Population Changes in Fullerton College Community through 2030

Source: California State University, Fullerton, Center for Demographic Research

### ETHNIC COMPOSITION OF THE TOTAL POPULATION CENSUS 2000

The ethnic and racial mix of California, Orange County and the Fullerton College community has been rapidly changing for the past 10 years. The inclusion of new racial/ethnic categories in Census 2000 has allowed individuals to indicate two or more races for the first time in United States history. California has been a non-majority state for several years, and Orange County no longer has a white majority. The cities comprising the Fullerton College service area also have no racial majority. Both Anaheim and La Habra now have Hispanic pluralities.

In 2000, 1.5% of the Orange County population was African American, 13.8% was Asian/Pacific Islander, 30.8% was Hispanic, 0.3% was American Indian/Alaskan Native and 51.2% was White, 0.2% was Other, and 2.3% was two or more races.

### Table 5: Proportions of the Population by Ethnicity in Orange County and California:Census 2000

| Area              | African<br>American | Asian/<br>Pacific<br>Islander | Hispanic | American<br>Indian/<br>Alaskan<br>Native | White | Other | Two or<br>More<br>Races |
|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------|----------|--|-------|-------|-------------------------|
| Fullerton College | 3.1%                | 14.6%                         | 32.1%    | 0.7%                                     | 42.6% | 0.8%  | -                       |
| Orange County     | 1.5%                | 13.8%                         | 30.8%    | 0.3%                                     | 51.2% | -     | 2.3%                    |
| California        | 6.4%                | 11.1%                         | 32.4%    | 0.5%                                     | 46.7% | -     | 2.7%                    |

Source: Fullerton College Office of Institutional Research, U.S. Bureau of the Census

Table 6: Proportions of the Population by Ethnicity in Orange County and California:2008

| Area              | African<br>American | American<br>Indian/<br>Alaskan<br>Native | Asian/<br>Pacific<br>Islander | Hispanic | White | Other | Two or<br>More<br>Races |
|-------------------|---------------------|--|-------------------------------|----------|-------|-------|-------------------------|
| Fullerton College | 3.5%                | 0.7%                                     | 17.6%                         | 35.6%    | 33.8% | 1.8%  | -                       |
| Orange County     | 1.9%                | 0.9%                                     | 15.8%                         | 32.2%    | 48.7% | -     | 2.0%                    |
| California        | 6.0%                | 0.5%                                     | 12.5%                         | 36.6%    | 42.3% |       | 2.1%                    |

Source: Fullerton College Office of Institutional Research, U.S. Bureau of the Census

### Table 7: Fullerton College Community Population by Ethnicity: Census 2010

| City        | African<br>American | Asian/<br>Pacific<br>Islander | Hispanic | American<br>Indian/<br>Alaskan<br>Native | White   | Other | Two or<br>More<br>Races |
|-------------|---------------------|-------------------------------|----------|--|---------|-------|-------------------------|
| Anaheim     | 8,209               | 50,647                        | 177,467  | 743                                      | 92,362  | 628   | 6,209                   |
| Brea        | 499                 | 7,130                         | 9,817    | 90                                       | 20,690  | 82    | 974                     |
| Fullerton   | 2,791               | 30,756                        | 46,501   | 251                                      | 51,656  | 243   | 2,963                   |
| La Habra    | 836                 | 5,581                         | 34,449   | 148                                      | 18,178  | 88    | 959                     |
| Placentia   | 818                 | 7,515                         | 18,416   | 123                                      | 22,590  | 74    | 997                     |
| Yorba Linda | 789                 | 10,035                        | 9,220    | 120                                      | 42,183  | 152   | 1,735                   |
| Total       | 13,942              | 111,664                       | 295,870  | 1,475                                    | 247,659 | 1,267 | 13,837                  |

Source: State of California, Department of Finance.

In 2000, 2.0% of the Fullerton College service area population was African American, 12.1% was Asian/Pacific Islander, 37.9% was Hispanic, 0.3% was American Indian/Alaskan Native, 45.3% was White, 0.2% was Other, and 2.2% was two or more races.

| City        | African<br>American | Asian/<br>Pacific<br>Islander | Hispanic | American<br>Indian/<br>Alaskan<br>Native | White | Other | Two or<br>More<br>Races |
|-------------|---------------------|-------------------------------|----------|--|-------|-------|-------------------------|
| Anaheim     | 2.4%                | 15.1%                         | 52.8%    | 0.2%                                     | 27.5% | 0.2%  | 1.8%                    |
| Brea        | 1.3%                | 18.2%                         | 25.0%    | 0.2%                                     | 52.7% | 0.2%  | 2.5%                    |
| Fullerton   | 2.1%                | 22.8%                         | 34.4%    | 0.2%                                     | 38.2% | 0.2%  | 2.2%                    |
| La Habra    | 1.4%                | 9.3%                          | 57.2%    | 0.2%                                     | 30.2% | 0.1%  | 1.6%                    |
| Placentia   | 1.6%                | 14.9%                         | 36.4%    | 0.2%                                     | 44.7% | 0.1%  | 2.0%                    |
| Yorba Linda | 1.2%                | 15.6%                         | 14.4%    | 0.2%                                     | 65.7% | 0.2%  | 2.7%                    |
| Total       | 2.0%                | 16.3%                         | 43.1%    | 0.2%                                     | 36.1% | 0.2%  | 2.0%                    |

 Table 8: Fullerton College Community Population Percentage by Ethnicity: Census 2010

Source: State of California, Department of Finance.

### CHANGES IN THE ETHNIC COMPOSITION OF THE TOTAL POPULATION THROUGH 2040

| Table 9: Projected Population by | y Ethnicity in Orange Co | ounty and California through 2040 |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|
|----------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|

|               |      | African<br>American | American<br>Indian/<br>Alaskan<br>Native | Asian/<br>Pacific<br>Islander | Hispanic   | White      | Multirace |
|---------------|------|---------------------|--|-------------------------------|------------|------------|-----------|
|               | 2000 | 43,532              | 8,992                                    | 406,727                       | 886,127    | 1,472,752  | 45,704    |
|               | 2010 | 44,873              | 12,880                                   | 529,670                       | 1,158,270  | 1,419,887  | 62,256    |
| Orange County | 2020 | 43,893              | 13,873                                   | 631,938                       | 1,465,316  | 1,294,712  | 70,533    |
|               | 2030 | 40,410              | 15,423                                   | 696,698                       | 1,765,105  | 1,107,029  | 80,657    |
|               | 2040 | 35,518              | 16,587                                   | 749,371                       | 2,072,192  | 886,933    | 89,049    |
|               | 2000 | 2,218,281           | 185,996                                  | 3,872,349                     | 11,057,467 | 16,134,334 | 637,010   |
|               | 2010 | 2,287,190           | 240,721                                  | 4,833,883                     | 14,512,817 | 16,438,784 | 822,281   |
| California    | 2020 | 2,390,459           | 299,599                                  | 5,724,359                     | 18,261,267 | 16,508,783 | 951,456   |
|               | 2030 | 2,475,477           | 350,649                                  | 6,581,082                     | 22,335,895 | 16,377,652 | 1,120,136 |
|               | 2040 | 2,573,246           | 395,591                                  | 7,427,182                     | 26,551,422 | 16,033,854 | 1,284,820 |

Source: State of California, Department of Finance, Population Projections for California and Its Counties 2000-2050, Sacramento, California, July 2007.

|               |      | African<br>American | American<br>Indian/<br>Alaskan<br>Native | Asian/<br>Pacific<br>Islander | Hispanic | White | Multirace |
|---------------|------|---------------------|--|-------------------------------|----------|-------|-----------|
|               | 2000 | 1.5%                | 0.3%                                     | 14.2%                         | 30.9%    | 51.4% | 1.6%      |
|               | 2010 | 1.4%                | 0.4%                                     | 16.4%                         | 35.9%    | 44.0% | 1.9%      |
| Orange County | 2020 | 1.2%                | 0.4%                                     | 18.0%                         | 41.6%    | 36.8% | 2.0%      |
|               | 2030 | 1.1%                | 0.4%                                     | 18.8%                         | 47.6%    | 29.9% | 2.2%      |
|               | 2040 | 0.9%                | 0.4%                                     | 19.5%                         | 53.8%    | 23.0% | 2.3%      |
|               | 2000 | 6.5%                | 0.5%                                     | 11.4%                         | 32.4%    | 47.3% | 1.9%      |
|               | 2010 | 5.8%                | 0.6%                                     | 12.4%                         | 37.1%    | 42.0% | 2.1%      |
| California    | 2020 | 5.4%                | 0.7%                                     | 13.0%                         | 41.4%    | 37.4% | 2.2%      |
|               | 2030 | 5.0%                | 0.7%                                     | 13.4%                         | 45.4%    | 33.3% | 2.3%      |
|               | 2040 | 4.7%                | 0.7%                                     | 13.7%                         | 48.9%    | 29.5% | 2.4%      |

Table 10: Projected Population Percent by Ethnicity in Orange County and California to2040

Source: State of California, Department of Finance, Population Projections for California and Its Counties 2000-2050, Sacramento, California, July 2007.

These projections indicate that Orange County will have a Hispanic majority by 2040 and that the Asian proportion of the population will also increase to nearly equal the white proportion of the population. Noting changes in the ethnic composition of the population, particularly growth of groups that have traditionally been under-represented in higher education is important to understand. Support services that are needed may be different for student groups that have traditionally been under-represented, as their numbers begin to increase. These data indicate that there is stronger growth in population groups that have traditionally been under-represented in higher education. These changes will have important planning implications for the college.

#### PART II: EDUCATIONAL INFORMATION

#### SCHOOL AGE POPULATION: CHANGES THROUGH 2008-2009

### Table 11: Public School Enrollment in Orange County and California, 2004-2005 to 2008-2009

|               | 2004-2005 | 2005-2006 | 2006-2007 | 2007-2008 | 2008-2009 | Change<br>2005 - 2009 |
|---------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------------------|
| Orange County | 513,744   | 510,114   | 503,955   | 503,225   | 504,136   | -1.9%                 |
| California    | 6,322,141 | 6,312,436 | 6,286,943 | 6,275,469 | 6,252,031 | -1.1%                 |

Source: State of California, Department of Education, Data Quest (http://dq.cde.ca.gov/dataquest/).

### Table 12: Public School Enrollment Projections for Orange County and California to2013-14

|               | 2009-2010 | 2010-2011 | 2011-2012 | 2012-2013 | 2013-2014 | Change<br>2010 – 2014 |
|---------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------------------|
| Orange County | 503,299   | 499,584   | 495,837   | 491,921   | 487,455   | -3.1%                 |
| California    | 6,223,967 | 6,226,723 | 6,240,880 | 6,260,026 | 6,268,202 | 0.7%                  |

State of California, Department of Finance, California Public K-12 Graded Enrollment and High School Graduate Projections by County, 2009 Series. Sacramento, California, October 2009.

### Table 13: Public School Enrollment in Fullerton College Feeder High School Districts,2004-2005 to 2008-2009

|                       | 2004-2005 | 2005-2006 | 2006-2007 | 2007-2008 | 2008-2009 | Change<br>2005 - 2009 |
|-----------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------------------|
| Anaheim               | 32,975    | 33,112    | 33,076    | 33,343    | 33,719    | 2.3%                  |
| Brea-Olinda           | 2,136     | 2,196     | 2,156     | 2,160     | 2,137     | 0.0%                  |
| Fullerton             | 16,742    | 16,299    | 16,499    | 16,321    | 16,343    | -2.4%                 |
| Placentia-Yorba Linda | 8,348     | 8,602     | 8,710     | 8,793     | 8,764     | 5.0%                  |

Source: State of California, Department of Education, Data Quest (http://dq.cde.ca.gov/dataquest/).

Public school enrollment has declined slightly over the past five years and is projected to continue to decline in Orange County for the next five years. Within the areas primarily served by Fullerton College, only Fullerton has shown an enrollment decline, with Placentia-Yorba Linda actually growing by 5% over the past five years. The so-called Tidal Wave II has crested and there will be fewer high school graduates in the foreseeable future.

| School      | Total<br>Students | Percent<br>Hispanic | Percent Free<br>or Reduced<br>Lunch | Percent<br>English<br>Language<br>Learners | Percent<br>Disadvantaged | Percent<br>Parents<br>College<br>Graduates |
|-------------|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------|--|
| Anaheim     | 3,262             | 92%                 | 75%                                 | 36%  | 83%                      | 6%   |
| Brea Olinda | 2,056             | 22%                 | 16%                                 | 6%   | 15%                      | 36%  |
| El Dorado   | 2,568             | 20%                 | 14%                                 | 4%   | 12%                      | 34%  |
| Esperanza   | 3,126             | 13%                 | 9%                                  | 2%   | 7%                       | 38%  |
| Fullerton   | 2,065             | 53%                 | 56%                                 | 14%  | 41%                      | 18%  |
| Katella     | 2,749             | 80%                 | 61%                                 | 27%  | 64%                      | 12%  |
| La Habra    | 2,266             | 58%                 | 35%                                 | 14%  | 27%                      | 23%  |
| Sonora      | 2,126             | 54%                 | 33%                                 | 17%  | 26%                      | 24%  |
| Sunny Hills | 2,631             | 21%                 | 15%                                 | 9%   | 14%                      | 40%  |
| Troy        | 2,640             | 17%                 | 12%                                 | 5%   | 8%                       | 35%  |

### Table 14: Fullerton College Top 10 Feeder High Schools: Demographic Indicators

Source: State of California, Department of Education, Data Quest (http://dq.cde.ca.gov/dataquest/).

### Table 15: Fullerton College Top 10 Feeder High Schools: Academic Indicators

| School      | API Score | API Rank | API Comp<br>Rank | Percent<br>UC/CSU<br>Eligible<br>Grads | Language<br>Arts<br>Proficient | Math<br>Proficient |
|-------------|-----------|----------|------------------|--|--------------------------------|--------------------|
| Anaheim     | 701       | 4        | 9                | 13%                                    | 31%                            | 13%                |
| Brea-Olinda | 804       | 9        | 3                | 55%                                    | 63%                            | 47%                |
| El Dorado   | 811       | 9        | 5                | 48%                                    | 63%                            | 50%                |
| Esperanza   | 832       | 10       | 5                | 53%                                    | 69%                            | 65%                |
| Fullerton   | 768       | 8        | 9                | 31%                                    | 53%                            | 28%                |
| Katella     | 690       | 4        | 6                | 27%                                    | 36%                            | 19%                |
| La Habra    | 778       | 8        | 8                | 31%                                    | 51%                            | 38%                |
| Sonora      | 762       | 7        | 4                | 30%                                    | 54%                            | 26%                |
| Sunny Hills | 855       | 10       | 6                | 54%                                    | 69%                            | 48%                |
| Troy        | 917       | 10       | 10               | 57%                                    | 85%                            | 72%                |

Source: State of California, Department of Education, Data Quest (http://dq.cde.ca.gov/dataquest/).

The selected indicators reveal great variability in the characteristics of the top feeder high schools to Fullerton College and point to some of the challenges facing the faculty, staff, and administration of the college in both providing access and promoting success. Many of the students who will be entering Fullerton College over the next several years are from under-represented groups, have fewer economic resources, are English language learners, and first-generation college-goers. Relatively few have pursued an educational program which prepared them for entry to California State University or University of California campuses, though the percentage of local high school graduates who are UC/CSU eligible and the percentages who have demonstrated proficiency in language arts and math have been increasing for the past several years.

| High School | Total<br>Graduates | Fullerton<br>College | Total<br>CCC | Total<br>CSU | Total<br>UC | Total<br>Higher<br>Education | Fullerton<br>College<br>Going<br>Rate | Public<br>Higher<br>Education<br>Going<br>Rate |
|-------------|--------------------|----------------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| Anaheim     | 503                | 167                  | 246          | 34           | 14          | 294                          | 33%                                   | 58%  |
| Cypress     | 527                | 20                   | 228          | 94           | 50          | 372                          | 4%                                    | 71%  |
| Katella     | 436                | 88                   | 190          | 44           | 15          | 249                          | 20%                                   | 57%  |
| Kennedy     | 537                | 37                   | 207          | 108          | 49          | 364                          | 7%                                    | 68%  |
| Loara       | 478                | 85                   | 217          | 67           | 31          | 315                          | 18%                                   | 66%  |
| Magnolia    | 327                | 43                   | 133          | 23           | 28          | 184                          | 13%                                   | 56%  |
| Savanna     | 386                | 83                   | 179          | 38           | 16          | 233                          | 22%                                   | 60%  |
| Western     | 342                | 22                   | 158          | 25           | 19          | 202                          | 6%                                    | 59%  |
| Brea-Olinda | 503                | 133                  | 179          | 82           | 53          | 314                          | 26%                                   | 62%  |
| Buena Park  | 399                | 54                   | 121          | 48           | 19          | 188                          | 14%                                   | 47%  |
| Fullerton   | 448                | 154                  | 198          | 60           | 25          | 283                          | 34%                                   | 63%  |
| La Habra    | 493                | 141                  | 215          | 58           | 16          | 289                          | 29%                                   | 59%  |
| Sonora      | 381                | 122                  | 172          | 42           | 34          | 248                          | 32%                                   | 65%  |
| Sunny Hills | 597                | 173                  | 250          | 88           | 100         | 438                          | 29%                                   | 73%  |
| Troy        | 503                | 81                   | 111          | 67           | 81          | 259                          | 16%                                   | 51%  |
| El Dorado   | 562                | 165                  | 243          | 96           | 31          | 370                          | 29%                                   | 66%  |
| Esperanza   | 734                | 105                  | 286          | 119          | 54          | 459                          | 14%                                   | 63%  |
| Valencia    | 508                | 114                  | 213          | 70           | 31          | 314                          | 22%                                   | 62%  |
| Total       | 8,664              | 1,787                | 3,546        | 1,163        | 666         | 5,375                        | 21%                                   | 62%  |

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Source: California Postsecondary Education Commission, Online Data System, http://www.cpec.ca.gov/OnLineData/OnLineData.asp

Significant differences exist between the Fullerton College going-rate and the overall community college going-rate, indicating high schools. Outreach efforts at the high school level may attract additional students from high schools such as Esperanza and Katella.

### PART III. ECONOMIC TRENDS

### **Importance of Economic Changes**

Community colleges are the higher education segment providing workforce education that is most directly related to the local area economy. Understanding the changing nature of the area's economy is critical to aligning current academic programs as well as developing new academic programs that meet the needs of local business and industry. What follows is a synopsis of the key economic changes in Orange County important to educational planning in Fullerton College.

### The Employment Base

### Table 17: Civilian Labor Force, Employment, and Unemployment for Orange County

| Measures             | 2006      | 2007      | 2008      | 2009      | Change<br>2006 – 2009 |
|----------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------------------|
| Civilian Labor Force | 1,619,100 | 1,630,500 | 1,652,000 | 1,646,000 | 1.7%                  |
| Employed             | 1,557,700 | 1,561,500 | 1,559,500 | 1,487,600 | -4.5%                 |
| Unemployed           | 61,500    | 69,000    | 92,600    | 158,400   | 157.6%                |
| Unemployment Percent | 3.8%      | 4.2%      | 5.6%      | 9.6%      | 5.8%                  |

Source: California Employment Development Department

### Table 18: Civilian Labor Force, Employment, and Unemployment for Fullerton College Area, July, 2009

| Measures             | Anaheim | Brea   | Fullerton | La Habra | Placentia | Yorba Linda |
|----------------------|---------|--------|-----------|----------|-----------|-------------|
| Civilian Labor Force | 181,300 | 21,800 | 73,400    | 32,600   | 28,700    | 36,000      |
| Employed             | 159,000 | 20,300 | 65,500    | 29,100   | 26,200    | 33,700      |
| Unemployed           | 22,300  | 1,400  | 7,900     | 3,500    | 2,500     | 2,300       |
| Unemployment Percent | 12.3%   | 6.6%   | 10.8%     | 10.9%    | 8.6%      | 6.4%        |

Source: California Employment Development Department

These data clearly show the difficult economic condition of the state and the local area. The civilian labor force has declined for the first time this century and the number of unemployed in the county has increased by nearly 100,000 over the past three years, with a local unemployment rate nearly matching the high statewide unemployment rate. Anaheim has been particularly hard hit by the economic decline, with a high unemployment rate and over 20,000 unemployed workers. These economic conditions typically lead to increased demand for educational services and have resulted in record enrollments at Fullerton College. As long as these conditions persist, demand will be high. Responding to this demand, particularly with dwindling resources, will require careful planning and resource allocation.

| Industry                           | July 2008 | July 2009 | Change  | Percent Change |
|------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|---------|----------------|
| Goods Producing                    | 267,400   | 242,800   | -24,600 | -9.2%          |
| Trade, Transportation & Utilities  | 271,300   | 252,800   | -18,500 | -6.8%          |
| Information                        | 30,400    | 27,800    | -2,600  | -8.6%          |
| Financial Activities               | 113,900   | 108,700   | -5,200  | -4.6%          |
| Professional and Business Services | 268,100   | 256,500   | -11,600 | -4.3%          |
| Educational and Health Services    | 146,900   | 148,400   | 1,500   | 1.0%           |
| Leisure and Hospitality            | 181,400   | 176,100   | -5,300  | -2.9%          |
| Other Services                     | 48,900    | 47,900    | -1,000  | -2.0%          |
| Government                         | 156,200   | 155,100   | -1,100  | -0.7%          |
| Total                              | 1,484,500 | 1,416,100 | -68,400 | -4.6%          |

### Table 19: Employment by Industry in Orange County: 2008 and 2009

Source: California Employment Development Department

### Table 20: Projected Growth in Top 10 Orange County Occupations Requiring an Associate Degree or Post-Secondary Vocational Training

| Occupation   | 2006   | 2016   | Change | Percent Change |
|--|--------|--------|--------|----------------|
| Registered Nurses                                    | 17,780 | 21,660 | 3,880  | 21.8%          |
| Medical Secretaries                                  | 8,410  | 10,150 | 1,740  | 20.7%          |
| Automotive Service Technicians and Mechanics         | 7,300  | 8,420  | 1,120  | 15.3%          |
| Computer Support Specialists                         | 7,870  | 8,840  | 970    | 12.3%          |
| Legal Secretaries                                    | 3,610  | 4,370  | 760    | 21.1%          |
| Dental Hygienists                                    | 2,240  | 2,990  | 750    | 33.5%          |
| Paralegals and Legal Assistants                      | 2,330  | 3,060  | 730    | 31.3%          |
| Hairdressers, Hairstylists, and Cosmetologists       | 5,290  | 6,010  | 720    | 13.6%          |
| Licensed Practical and Licensed Vocational<br>Nurses | 4,560  | 5,250  | 690    | 15.1%          |
| Computer Specialists, All Other                      | 4,080  | 4,690  | 610    | 15.0%          |

Source: California Employment Development Department

| Occupation  | 2006   | 2016   | Change | Percent Change |
|---|--------|--------|--------|----------------|
| Business Operations Specialists, All Other                            | 15,020 | 18,600 | 3,580  | 23.8%          |
| Computer Software Engineers, Applications                             | 9,650  | 13,100 | 3,450  | 35.8%          |
| Elementary School Teachers, Except Special Education                  | 10,290 | 13,490 | 3,200  | 31.1%          |
| Secondary School Teachers, Except Special<br>and Vocational Education | 13,340 | 16,290 | 2,950  | 22.1%          |
| Accountants and Auditors  | 15,210 | 18,010 | 2,800  | 18.4%          |
| Middle School Teachers, Except Special and Vocational Education       | 5,790  | 7,450  | 1,660  | 28.7%          |
| Teachers and Instructors, All Other                                   | 6,970  | 8,440  | 1,470  | 21.1%          |
| Network Systems and Data Communications<br>Analysts                   | 2,800  | 4,250  | 1,450  | 51.8%          |
| Computer Systems Analysts   | 4,850  | 6,080  | 1,230  | 25.4%          |
| Construction Managers   | 6,700  | 7,670  | 970    | 14.5%          |

 Table 21: Projected Growth in Top 10 Orange County Occupations Requiring a Four-Year

 Degree

Source: California Employment Development Department

### PART IV. POLITICAL AND SOCIAL TRENDS IMPACTING FULLERTON COLLEGE

### **Importance of Monitoring Political Trends**

National, state and local level priorities in both the policy and fiscal arenas greatly influence direction setting for North Orange County Community College District and Fullerton College. Several key issues are likely to impact local policy. These include issues related to: accountability; accreditation; budget; general enrollment growth, as it relates to facilities planning; local population growth and feeder school enrollments; and distance learning.

### Accountability

Accountability remains a top priority, particularly at the system office and legislature. The institution of the statewide Accountability Reporting for Community Colleges, with annual review by local boards of trustees, may be the beginning of an even greater focus on accountability. The ARCC report has been supplemented in the past year with a special section on basic skills outcomes, as the Department of Finance and the Office of the Legislative Analyst scrutinize the Basic Skills Initiative expenditures, with a high expectation for improved success. And, while the accreditation standards from the Accrediting Commission for Community and Junior Colleges of the Western Association of Schools and Colleges have focused on the identification and measurement of student learning outcomes, the standards continue to include evidence of a focus on institutional effectiveness. Several legislative proposals have moved in the direction of incorporating student learning outcomes in a new state accountability reporting system and a K-16 statewide data system is in the development phase. The idea of performance based funding continues to circulate among legislators.

### Accreditation

Accountability challenges related to performance are requiring more comprehensive monitoring of student outcomes data related to special initiatives developed to improve student performance. And the new WASC AACJC accreditation standards require colleges to evaluate student outcomes beyond the institutional effectiveness emphasis of the previous standards. The new standards place strong emphasis on measuring true learning outcomes, not simply grades in courses and course retention and success. In addition, the standards have re-emphasized the need for integration of the college's many planning activities, with an emphasis on the integration of program review, planning and budgeting. ACCJC has provided several rubrics for evaluation of colleges' development of program review, planning and identification and assessment of student learning outcomes, with high expectations for colleges to attain the 'continuous quality improvement' stage in those areas. Fullerton College has begun its self-study for the reaffirmation of accreditation, with the accreditation team visit scheduled for spring 2011. Previous recommendations of the commission provide one focus for Fullerton College planning.; the college's own planning agenda outlines ambitious directions for the college. These challenges will require a coordinated research and evaluation effort throughout the college and increased emphasis on assessment of student learning outcomes, in both the general education core and in specific disciplines, and incorporation of results in planning for increased student success.

### Budget

Shortfalls in the California budget in the recent budget years have had severe consequences for Fullerton College. The college has been forced to curtail the summer session, eliminate about ten percent of class offerings in the fall and spring terms and eliminate winter intersession. The severe budget cuts to several important areas in student services and faculty and staff development have led to curtailment of services, particularly in counseling. But there has been no decrease in the demand for educational services and enrollment in fall 2009 was the highest in the college's history. While this has increased efficiency and productivity at the college, students, faculty and staff have faced difficulties in accommodating student demand. Planning of enrollment growth must be carefully monitored. Construction project costs have added an additional challenge to budgeting at Fullerton College. Projections for the next several years indicate that the state of California will continue to face budget shortfalls and may be forced to make deeper cuts in appropriation to community colleges.

### **Enrollment Growth and Facilities Planning**

Projections indicate that Fullerton College will face a growing student population over the next decade. Accommodating two to three percent enrollment growth annually over the next several years will provide a major facilities planning challenge for the college. In addition, modernization of infrastructure, construction of new facilities, planned maintenance, technology growth, and adequate parking will require significant resources. The addition of significant distance education efforts has engendered additional significant planning and coordination efforts. Continued construction on the campus has contributed significantly to meeting the facilities demand while at the same time adding to the planning demand and budget challenges.

### **Distance Learning**

Distance education has become a major component of educational offerings at Fullerton College, with increased enrollment each year over the past decade. Enrollments in distance education have tripled over the past five years, with about 10% of all enrollments now in either hybrid or fully online classes. With the expansion of on-line learning opportunities for students, issues of faculty training and development, intellectual property rights,, adequacy of technical infrastructure and evaluation of learning are becoming major pieces of the accountability concerns for this relatively new mode of student learning. Preparation of students for and evaluation of learning in distance education programs is becoming an important priority for all institutions of higher education.

### **Importance of These Political Trends**

These five political trends are likely to have an important influence on setting the policy agenda for the district for the upcoming year and beyond. All have important implications for budget planning, program planning, research, evaluation and communication across the college and with the large community of which it is an integral part.